

英 語 (2)

(5) 下線部 の with とほぼ同じ用法の with を含む文を 1 つ選べ。

- ア . How about going to the movies with me this weekend?
- イ . Please write a letter with a pen.
- ウ . In winter the mountain is covered with snow.
- エ . I know that girl with a long hair.

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(6) 下線部 は何と何が違うと言っているのか。それが書いてある一文の最初の 2 語を書け。

() ()

(7) 下線部 を「これは私が今までに聞いた中で最もひどい不公平な事例だ。」という意味になるように並べかえよ。

(8) 次の文の中から本文の内容に合うものを 3 つ選び、記号で答えよ。

- ア . Fern asked her father where he was going after breakfast.
- イ . Fern couldn't understand what would happen to the small pig, but her mother was able to.
- ウ . Both Fern and her mother wanted to save the small pig.
- エ . Fern ran after his father to see what her father would do with an ax.
- オ . Fern's shoes were all wet because it was a rainy day in spring.
- カ . Fern's father doesn't like Fern because she can't control herself.
- キ . Fern's father understood her feelings, and at last gave up doing away with the small pig.

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3 次の各組の文がほぼ同じ内容となるように、() 内に適する語を 1 語ずつ書きなさい。(10 点)

(1) Our town has two large parks.

() () two large parks () our town.

(2) I had nothing to drink then.

I () have () to drink then.

(3) This news must surprise them.

They must () () at this news.

(4) When did you come to New York?

() () have you () in New York?

(5) He wrote this poem. It is very popular.

This poem () () him () very popular.

4 次の文の下線部が誤っていれば正しく直しなさい。誤りがなければ解答欄に を書きなさい。(10 点)

(1) He has a few time to do his homework.

(1)	
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(2) Shall we go to ski next Sunday?

(2)	
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(3) Would you like another cups of coffee?

(3)	
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(4) Every student in my class is afraid of the dog.

(4)	
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(5) Ken can swim the best in the three.

(5)	
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英 語 (4)

7 次の [] 内の語句を並べかえて、日本語の意味に合う英文を完成させなさい。ただし、文頭に来る語も小文字にしてあります。
(10 点)

(1) 父がそのいすを作るのに 3 週間かかりました。 [the chair / make / took / my father / three / it / to / for / weeks / .]

(2) 私が昨日会った女性はピアニストです。 [a pianist / yesterday / I / the woman / was / met / whom / .]

(3) 何かおもしろい読み物をくれませんか。 [interesting / to / you / something / give / will / me / read / ?]

(4) 私が戻るまでここで待っていて下さい。 [back / till / here / I / please / come / wait / .]

(5) 私は日本滞在中に北海道に行ってみたいものです。
[stay / go / like / I / Hokkaido / would / to / to / my / in / during / Japan / .]

8 次の日本語を英文にしなさい。(9 点)

(1) 母は私に英語をもっと一生懸命勉強するように言いました。

(2) 私はちょうど姉を見送りに空港に行ってきたところです。

英 語 (1)

1 放送による問題

Listening test script

It seems that everywhere around the world, people are spending more time at work and less time with their families and friends. People are busier than ever before!

In the past in many countries, the father worked and the mother stayed home, took care of the children, and did the food shopping, cooking, and cleaning. Nowadays in many families, both parents work, so they both have to do the shopping, cooking, and cleaning in their free time. Parents, therefore, don't have as much time with their children as they used to have in the past.

These days, many children come home from school to an empty house. A lot of children spend many hours each day in front of the television. Even when families are together, it is common for family members to do things by themselves. For example, they watch programs on separate TVs in different rooms, they use the Internet, they talk with friends on the telephone.

Isn't it strange? Thanks to technology, people are able to communicate so easily with people far away, but sometimes they don't communicate as well as before with people in their own homes.

(1) People in the world work longer and make more friends every day.

(2) In the old times the father had a job and the mother did the housework, for example, childcare, cleaning, and cooking.

(3) Today, more fathers and mothers do housework together.

(4) These days many children spend their time watching TV, talking to other family members in the living room.

(5) The Internet has made it possible for people to communicate so easily with people in their family.