英 語(1)

1 <リスニング問題>【20点】 放送は2回くり返されます。

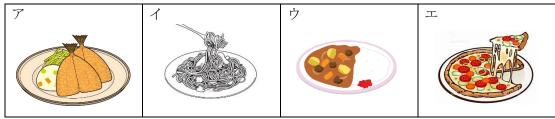
<A> 次の対話を聞いて、最後の発言に対する応答として最も適切なものをア〜エの中から1つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

- (1) \(\mathcal{T} \) I knew you would be happy.
 - ウ I have to finish my homework.
- (2) \mathcal{T} About 20 minutes ago.
 - ウ It usually takes 10 minutes to finish eating.
- (3) \mathcal{T} It was great!
 - ウ No. It was boring.

- ✓ I want to go with you today.
- 工 I wanted you to tell me a month ago.
- (1)

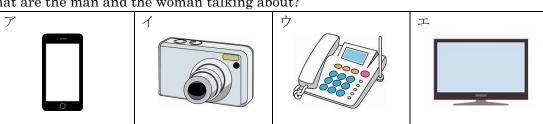
- ✓ I think they're busy.
- 工 About 10 minutes.
- ✓ Only for about five days.
- 工 Yes, I did.

- (2)
- (3)
- 次の英文を聞いて、それぞれの質問に対する答えとして最も適切なものをア〜エの中から1つ選び、記号で答えなさい。
- (1) What does the woman like best of all the dishes her father makes?



(1)

(2) What are the man and the woman talking about?

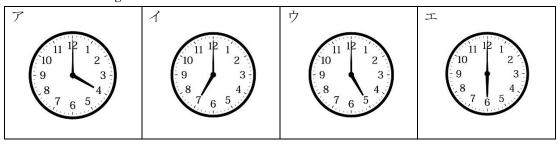


(4)

(3) How did the woman come?



(4) What time will the gardens close?



<C> これからフェアトレード (Fairtrade) についての英文が読まれ、その後、質問文が読まれます。それぞれの質問に対する答えとして最も適切なものをア〜エの中から1つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

- (1) \mathcal{T} Farm owners.
- ✓ Shops.
- ウ Farm workers.
- 工 Farms.
- (1)

(2)

(3)

- (2) \mathcal{T} Farm owners started to use a lot of chemicals.
 - ← Children worked on some farms.
 - ウ Children didn't have to work.
 - □ Some shops started to buy things at lower prices.
- (3) \mathcal{T} We can sell things like coffee and chocolate by ourselves.
 - ✓ We can buy Fairtrade products to help people around the world.
 - ウ We can build new schools for children in developing countries.
 - ☐ We can pay more money to workers in developed countries.

英 語(2)

受験番号	

2 サト	ンは日本料理川	店で働いています	っ。そこに留学生のケイト(K	ate)が昼食を食べに来ま	した。次の対話文を読んで, あとの問い
に答えた Satoshi: Kate: Satoshi: Kate: Satoshi: Kate: Satoshi: Kate: Satoshi: Kate: Satoshi: Kate: Satoshi: Kate: Satoshi: Kate: Satoshi:	Hi. Here's Thank you, A I' I like fish be Well, how a this restaur That sounds Sure. You' (After lur How was you It was delice Oh, really? C I have stud countries vi Great! Wh I talk about I want to les	your menu. but I can't read ll help you. Whetter. bout this? This cant. s nice. B ll love it. nch, Satoshi can our 'kaisendon'? ious. By the wa I'm very happy lied it for three sit this restaura at do you usual their culture ar arn about Japan I work here on	Japanese very well. Anich do you like better, fish on the sis a bowl of rice with sashing the to Kate again.) Any, your English is very good of to hear that. Years. I like watching English. I always talk with them y talk with them y talk with those customers and their interests in Japan. The ese culture, too. D Weekends. I'd like to see you do to seeing you soon. I'll try	mi(①) kaisendon dish videos on the Inter in English. I really en about? I hope more foreign peop u here again. y other Japanese dishes.	The in the most popular dishes in the most popul
ŗ		you start study have you studie			
		A	В	С	D
		g ② from		よものをア〜エの中から 1 alling ② to alled ② from	つ選び, 記号で答えなさい。
世 り 王 び き 球 あ	々あるところ せんでした。 なるだろう」 3人の息子た の頂上に登る 彼は探してい 持ち備りまし る夜,その花	に、1人の王がい そこで、彼は賢い と言いました。 ちはその国でい ことができまし た花を見つけま た。彼はそれを	い魔法使いに相談しました。そ ちばん高い山に登ろうとしま た。すると1羽の大きな鳥が した。けれども,その近くには 毎に植えました。	との魔法使いは,「月から した。しかし,彼らのうち 現れ,彼を月まで連れて行 、大きなヘビがいました	次の王になるべきなのか,彼にはわか 花を持ち帰ることのできる息子がよい ち2人が失敗しました。末の息子だけ テってくれました。③そこに着いたと 。その息子はヘビをやっつけ,花を地 しい娘に姿を変えました。彼らは結婚
①					
②					
3					

金光学園高等学校入学試験	(県外)
令和3年1月10日	

英 語(3)

受験番号	
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_ the station.

		→問いに答えなさい。【2 入る最も適切なものをア		び、記号でダラかさい		
	I () London thre		- エの干がり1 7選	ひ,此々で各たなです。	()	
(0)		↑ have been to	_	エ visited	(1)	
(2)) to tell me the way to very	the post office. ウ enough	工 too	(2)	
(3)	It is () this week				(3)	
(4)	 hotDo you know the girl		ウ the hottest	エ as hot		
(- /	ア runs		ウ running	工 ran	(4)	
< B >	・ 次の日本語に合う英之	文になるように,()内に適切な語を書き	なさい。		
(1)	あなたたちの写真を撮	いてあげましょうか。				
	()	()()	your pictures?		
(2)	両親は私に留学してほ	しいと思っています。				
	My parents want ()()() abroad		
(3)	この辺りでは夜にたく	さんの星を見ることがつ	できます。			
	A lot of stars () () () around her	e at night.	
(4)	私たちの学校の前には	コンビニエンスストアカ	があります。			
	There is a convenience	ee store () () () our school.	
		「何枚か見せてくれました tos / me / my sister / of /				<u></u> .
	[music / often / I / to	/ listening / enjoy] .				·
(3)	この川で泳ぐのは危険	こです。				
	[swim / to / this rive	r / in / is / dangerous / i	t] .			
(4)		このでパーティーに来ませ e / he / come to / had / th	-			<u> </u>
(5)	□山行きの電車はち +	うど駅を出たところです	-		a c	cold.
/		train / Okayama / just	· ·			

5 次の<A>, の各問いに答えなさい。【12点】

<A> 次のポスターを読んで、あとの質問に対する答えとして最も適切なものをア〜エの中から1つ選び、記号で答えなさい。



THEY NEED HOMES

Why don't you become a new parent for one of these dogs?

Come to the Richmond Animal Care Center and meet your new friend!

Male, 2 years old, White, 30kg
He is very friendly. He loves to be
with people. He likes to run and
catch balls. Please take him to a
park.

Male, 2 years old, Brown, 6kg
He is friendly. He is happy if you
touch him and sleep with him.
Don't leave him alone.

Female, 4 years old, Black, 8kg
She is quiet and smart. She needs time
to make friends with new people, but she
will always be by your side once she
knows you are her friend.

(1)

(2)

2 808-423-4154

male オスの female メスの

- (1) Why was this poster made?
 - To show some dogs in a pet shop.
 - ✓ To find new partners for some dogs.
 - ウ To look for some lost dogs.
 - 工 To explain how to feed a dog.
- (2) Which is true about the dogs?
 - **7** The white dog likes to stay home alone.
 - ☐ The brown dog likes to be with people.
 - ウ It won't take time to be a friend of the female dog.
 - $\ \bot$ The male dogs are older than the female dog.

 次のチラシを読んで,あとの質問に対する答えとして最も適切なものをア〜エの中から1つ選び,記号で答えなさい。

CLASS TRIPS

Class	History	Science	English
Trip Mason Museum		Peterson Lab	Olson Bookstore
Date	Friday, September 3rd	Friday, October 8th	Friday, November 19th
Time	9:00am-12:30pm	3:30pm-5:30pm	2:00pm-3:30pm
Teacher	Ms. Wilson	Ms. Carter	Mr. Rogers

- For the history trip, students will catch the bus just outside the school, on Smith Street. They will arrive back at school by 12:30 pm and should go directly to the cafeteria for lunch.
- For the science trip, students will get on the bus right after finishing their last class. The bus will be behind the school, on Brown Street. Students will arrive back at school at 5:30 pm.
- For the English trip, students will walk to and from Olson Bookstore and arrive back at school at around 3:30 pm. Students may put books in their desks before going home.

(1) What shoul	d vou do after	returning to	school from	the Mason	Museum?

- \(\mathcal{T}\) Go to the cafeteria.
- Put your books in your desk.
- ウ Take a bus home.
- (2) What time will you arrive back at school from the science trip?
 - ア 12:30 pm.
- イ 2:00 pm.
- ウ 3:30 pm.
- 工 5:30 pm.

(2)

英 語(5)

受験番号		
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6 次の英文は、メイソン・ウォートマンが仕事を辞めて、フィラデルフィアで開いた1切れ1ドルのピザ屋の話です。これを読んで、 あとの問いに答えなさい。【22点】

Mason Wartman, owner of Rosa's Fresh Pizza, left a job in New York City to open a \$1-a-piece pizza shop. He saw these shops were popular there and decided to open one in his hometown, Philadelphia. It was the poorest big city in the United States.

One day, a few months after the restaurant opened, a customer asked him, "Can I prepay for a piece of pizza for the next homeless person who comes in?" Wartman wrote this down on a sticky note, and he put it on the wall.

He then (\mathcal{T}) [<u>buy</u>] some more sticky notes and began to tell customers about the prepayment system. Many of them wanted to donate, too. Some people began writing their own notes and putting them on the walls when they donated. The notes said things like "You are the only one for me," or "Happy pizza eating." "Now we give 150 to 160 pieces of pizza a day to the homeless," he said.

Wartman says that he heard of a similar custom in Italy. Coffee shop customers sometimes buy a "suspended coffee." It's a cup of coffee for someone who cannot pay. This kindness is known as <u>①"paying it forward."</u> It means responding to an unexpected kindness that you have received by doing something kind for someone else.

Even poor customers, he says, donate when they can. He tells the story of one homeless man who often came to his shop. He stopped (1) [come] for a while. Wartman began to worry about the man. Then the man came back in again, said that he had a job now, and prepaid for a piece for someone else.

Wartman says, ②<u>"Some days we get a big donation, and some days are slow in the shop.</u> But homeless customers get hungry every day."

So in order to get a steadier source of money to feed the homeless and also to increase sales in the store, Wartman has (ウ) [begin] selling T-shirts at Rosa's Fresh Pizza. When each shirt is sold, Wartman gives one to people in need in Philadelphia. He plans to make this program bigger and start to sell more kinds of products in the store.

Wartman calls this system of prepaid pizza "a way of fulfilling ③two needs: for businesses to make money and for the hungry to eat." He hopes more businesses around the country will start similar programs. He says that they can be a way to "feed a lot of people very quickly."

Rosa's Fresh Pizza is (工) [have] a good influence on the city. One homeless man told Wartman that being able to eat regularly helps to keep some homeless out of trouble with the police. Wartman said, "I knew it saved money. I didn't think that it could stop people from committing crimes."

prepay 〜 〜を前払いする sticky note ふせん prepayment system 前払い制度 donate 寄付する suspend 〜 〜を保留にする unexpected 思いがけない donation 寄付,寄付金 steady 安定した sales 売上高 fulfill 〜 〜を満たす commit a crime 罪を犯す

(1) 文中の(ア)~(エ)の[]内の語を適切な形にしなさい。

(ア) (イ)	(ウ)	(工)
---------	-----	-----

(2) 下線部①の "paying it forward" とはどのようなことを意味しているか。日本語で説明しなさい。

(3) 下線部②はどのような意味か。最も適切なものをア~エの中から1つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

ア 多くの寄付をした人は、店でゆっくり過ごすことができる。

イ 大金が寄付される日もあれば、店に人があまり来ない日もある。

ウ 寄付は徐々に増えていて、いつの日か店を大きくできるだろう。

エ 寄付がたくさんあった日は、夜遅くまで店を開けている。

(4) 下線部③の "two needs" とは何か。下の()に当てはまるように、日本語で答えなさい。

() にとって () ことと, () にとって () こと。

(5) 本文の内容に合うものをア~エの中から1つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

There was no \$1-a-piece pizza shop in New York City.

 \checkmark Even poor customers prepaid for pizza for someone else.

ウ Wartman gives one T-shirt to the customer who donates for the homeless.

T Wartman started the prepayment system to stop people from committing crimes.

(5)

(3)

1 <リスニング問題> これから第1問リスニング問題を始めます。放送中メモをとってもかまいません。放送は2回くり返されます。

<A> 次の対話を聞いて、最後の発言に対する応答として最も適切なものをア~エの中から1つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

1) Woman: We will leave at 7:00 today, OK? We'll have a lot of fun!

Man : But I can't go on a picnic with you today, mom.

Woman: Why not?

≪くり返し≫

(2) Woman: I'm getting so hungry!

Man : Me, too. It's taking a long time for the food to arrive.

Woman: How long does it usually take?

≪くり返し≫

(3) Woman: Have you ever been to the UK before, Davis?

Man : Yes, I went to London a few years ago. My father had to live there for work. I visited him once.

Woman: Really? How was it?

≪くり返し≫

 次の英文を聞いて、それぞれの質問に対する答えとして最も適切なものをア〜エの中から1つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

1) Woman: My father is good at cooking and usually cooks meals for us.

Man : Really? What kind of food does he make?

Woman: My favorite is his spaghetti, but he likes to make curry and rice, pizza, and fried fish.

Man : I want my father to learn how to cook, too.

≪くり返し≫

(2) Woman: Wow, you've got the newest model!

Man : Yeah, this has a bigger screen, and I got lots of free games.

Woman: Sounds nice! Have you changed your phone number?

Man : No, you can call me at the same number.

≪くり返し≫

(3) Man : You're here earlier, Sayaka. I thought you were coming later.

Woman: I usually use the bus, but I took the train today.

Man : Is the train faster?

Woman: It's much faster. The bus takes 30 minutes, but the train took only 10 minutes.

Man : That's nice.

≪くり返し≫

Thank you for visiting the Konko Gardens. It's 5:00 pm. now. The gardens will close at 6:00 p.m. If you would like to go to the gift shop, it will be open until 7:00 pm. today. Please enjoy your time with us. \ll くり返し \gg

<C> これからフェアトレード (Fairtrade) についての英文が読まれ、その後、質問文が読まれます。それぞれの質問に対する答えとして最も適切なものをア〜エの中から1つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

Fairtrade started about seventy years ago in Europe. At that time in many developing countries, people working on farms had a big problem. They couldn't make enough money to live. Shops around the world sold things like coffee and chocolate, and got money, and farm owners got money, too. But the money didn't go to the workers.

There were other problems. Farm owners used a lot of chemicals. Also, children worked on some farms but didn't get any money. Then Fairtrade started. Some shops started to buy things at higher prices. For example, when a kilogram of coffee was sold for about 150 yen, shops which helped Fairtrade paid about 300 yen. People who joined Fairtrade got more money than people who didn't. Then farm owners stopped using so many chemicals, and began to pay more money to the workers. Children didn't have to work. New schools were built for the children.

What can we do to support Fairtrade? Now you can find Fairtrade products in some shops. If we don't choose Fairtrade coffee and buy other coffee, it will be cheaper. But if we choose Fairtrade coffee, it will help a lot of people around the world.

- (1) Who couldn't get enough money to live?
- (2) What happened when Fairtrade started?
- (3) What can we do to support Fairtrade?

≪くり返し≫

これでリスニングテストを終わります。